ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Drawn up in accordance with the Order of the Romanian Minister of Public Finance no. 1802/2014 and subsequent amendments

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR CONCLUDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

CONTENTS	PAGE
Balance sheet	1 - 3
Profit and loss statement	4 - 6
Statement of treasury cash flows	7
Statement of changes in shareholders' equity	8 - 9
Notes to the financial statements	10 - 39

County Constanţa
Entity COMVEX SA
Address: city Constanţa
Port Precincts Berth 80-84
Phone 0241.639.016, fax 0241.639.010
Trade Registry number J13/622/1991

Ownership <u>Private</u>
Main activity
(NACE Group) <u>Handling</u>
NACE group code <u>5224</u>
Sole registration code <u>1909360</u>

BALANCE SHEET (Code 10)

DALANCE SHEET				(Code 10)
	Row	<u>Note</u>	31 December 2022 (RON)	31 December 2023 (RON)
A. FIXED ASSETS I. INTANGIBLE ASSETS 1. Concessions, patents, licenses,				
trademarks, similar rights and values and other intangible assets	01	1a)	<u>683759</u>	<u>582.857</u>
TOTAL	02		683.759	582.857
II. TANGIBLE ASSETS				
1. Lands and buildings	03	1b)	176.508.638	177.113.751
2. Technical installations and machines	04	,	225.143.212	218.048.598
3. Other equipment, tools and furniture	05		903.412	1.167.462
4. Tangible assets in progress	06		23.498.989	23.201.914
5. Advances	07		557.203	<u>790.803</u>
TOTAL	08		426.611.454	420.322.528
III. FINANCIAL ASSETS				
1. Shares in subsidiaries	09	1c)	400	400
TOTAL	10	ĺ	400	400
FIXED ASSETS - TOTAL	11		427.295.613	420.905.785
B. CURRENT ASSETS I. INVENTORY				
Raw materials and consumables	12		24.030.708	35.634.146
2. Finished products and goods	12		5.250	35.034.140 5967
3. Advances	13		2.295.669	260.224
TOTAL	13 14		26.331.627	35.900.337
101712	14		20.331.02/	33.900.33/
II. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE				
1. Trade receivables	15		48.652.137	53.856.867
2. Receivables from associates and jointly	16			
controlled entities		<u>8 i)</u>	397.272	
3. Other receivables	17		3.250.618	<u>1.852.975</u>
TOTAL	18		52.300.027	55.709.842

	Row	<u>Note</u>	31 December 2022 (RON)	31 December 2023 (RON)
IV. CASH AND BANK ACCOUNTS	19		<u> 103.305.936</u>	107.905.143
CURRENT ASSETS - TOTAL	20		181.937.590	199.515.322
C. PREPAID EXPENSES	21		5.305.284	3.742.337
1. Amounts to be expensed in less than one year	22		2.375.303	1.813.128
2. Amounts to be expensed in more than one year	23		2.929.981	1.929.209
D. LIABILITIES: AMOUNTS TO BE PAID IN LESS THAN ONE YEAR				
1. Amounts due to credit institutions	24	4,8c)	32.708.244	30.400.769
2. Advances cashed for orders	25		56.662	56.662
3. Trade liabilities - suppliers	26		40.593.136	40.798.976
4. Other liabilities, including tax				
and social security payables	27		21.799.697	19.241.255
TOTAL	28		95.157.739	90.497.662
E. NET CURRENT ASSETS / NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	29		88.714.865	110.345.508
F. TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	30		518.940.459	533.180.502
G. LIABILITIES: AMOUNTS TO BE PAID IN MORE THAN ONE YEAR				
 Amounts due to credit institutions Amounts owed to associates and jointly 	31	4,8 c)	109.576.005	84.748.282
controlled entities	32	8 i)	9.894.800	9.949.200
3. Other liabilities, including tax				
and social security payables	33		<u>1.316.673</u>	<u>1.507.433</u>
TOTAL	34		120.787.478	96.204.914
H. PROVISIONS				
1. Provisions for taxes			<u>989.480</u>	
1. Other provisions	35	2)	10.352.855	8.978.416
TOTAL	36		<u>11.342.335</u>	<u>8.978.416</u>

	Row	<u>Note</u>	<u>31 December 2022</u> (RON)	31 December 2023 (RON)
I. INCOME IN ADVANCE			(RON)	(RON)
1. Subsidies for investments	37		4.744.226	4.515.957
Amounts to be released in less than one year	38		440.289	485.280
Amounts to be released in more than one year	39		4.303.937	<u>4.030.677</u>
TOTAL	40		4.744.226	4.515.957
J. CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
I. SHARE CAPITAL				
1. Subscribed and paid up share capital	41	6 b)	29.139.928	<u> 29.139.928</u>
TOTAL	42		29.139.928	29.139.928
II. SHARE CAPITAL PREMIUMS	43		41.553	41.553
III. REVALUATION RESERVES	44	11	b) 71.639.267	67.299.826
IV. RESERVES				
1. Legal reserves	45		5.827.986	5.827.986
2. Other reserves	46		57.968.945	64.958.313
TOTAL	47		63.796.931	70.786.299
V. REPORTED PROFIT Balance C	48		113.528.355	73.966.013
				, , , ,
VI. PROFIT OR LOSS OF				
FINANCIAL YEAR Balance C	49		104.360.675	189.722.243
Profit distribution	50		_	6.989.368
	Ü			
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY - TOTAL	51		382.506.709	<u>423.966.494</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY – TOTAL	52		<u>382.506.709</u>	<u>423.966.494</u>

Authorised for issue and signed on behalf of the Board of Directors as at 18.03.2024:

ADMINISTRATOR	DRAWN UP BY,
Name and surname PANAIT VIOREL	Name and surname OPREA IRINA
Signature	Position FINANCIAL DIRECTOR
	Signature
Unit's stamp	

Notes from 1 to 10 are integral part of the financial statements. 3 of 39

	Row	<u>Note</u>	2022	2023
			(RON)	(RON)
1. Net turnover	01		356.917.155	<u>425.706.251</u>
-out of which, the net turnover				
corresponding to the preponderent activity				
actually performed	02		<u>330.161.731</u>	410.933.862
Revenues from services rendered	03		332.059.236	414.951.734
Revenues from sales of goods	04		24.857.919	10.754.517
2. Revenues from operating subsidies	05		30	-
3. revenues from revaluation of tangible			•	
assets	06	1 b)	-	-
4. Other operating revenues:	07		25.232.712	22.115.109
- out of which, income arising from				
subsidies for investments	08		<u> 26.593</u>	<u>32.343</u>
OPERATING INCOME – TOTAL	09		382.149.897	447.821.360
5. a) Raw material and consumable				
Expenses	10		18.643.425	20.784.817
Other material expenses	11		646.953	824.708
b) Other external expenses				
(energy and water)	12		22.831.124	18.661.264
-out of which expenses with energy				
(acc.6051)	13		21.851.546	17.573.263
-expenses regarding the consumption of				
natural gas (ct.6053)			646.299	562.605
c) Merchandise expenses	14		21.878.971	9.936.650
Trade discounts received	15		33.118	10.928
6. Staff costs, out of which:	16		<u>57.360.741</u>	<u>69.654.493</u>
a) Wages and salaries	17	7 b)	54.461.771	66.066.604
b) Expenses with insurance and social				
security	18		2.898.970	3.587.889
7. a) Tangible and intangible assets				
value adjustment	19	1 a) b)	<u>26.247.176</u>	<u>22.403.617</u>
a.1) Expenses	20		24.105.605	24.336.664
a.2) Other Expenses	21		2.145.137	
a.3) Revenues	22		(3.566)	(1.933.047)
b) Current assets value adjustment	23		<u>1.550.786</u>	7.573
b.1) Expenses	24		1.550.786	785.256
b.2) Revenues	25		-	(777.683)
8. Other operating expenses	26		<u>98.338.206</u>	82.321.298
8.1 External services expenses	27	8 j)	33.276.473	51.280.679
8.2 Expenses with royalties, management				
locations and rent (acc.612), of witch:	28		11.421.242	14.636.017

Notes from 1 to 10 are integral part of the financial statements. 4 of $39\,$

	Row	Note	2022 (RON)	<u>2023</u> (RON)
-expenses with royalties (acc.6121)	29		-	-
-expenses with management locations				
(acc.6122)	30		-	-
-expenses with rent (acc 6123)	31		11.421.242	14.636.017
8.3 Expenses with consultancy (acc 618)8.4 Other taxes and similar	32		4.699.600	519.274
expenses;transfers and contributions due				
under special regulations	33		1.070.409	1.450.182
8.3 Environment protection expenses	34		541	767
8.4 Other expenses	35		47.869.940	14.434.379
Provisions adjustments	36		8.007.824	<u>(2.363.919)</u>
- Expenses	37		8.341.621	2.351.945
- Revenues	38		(333.797)	(4.715.864)
OPERATING EXPENSES – TOTAL	39		255.472.088	222.219.573
OPERATING PROFIT				
- Profit	40		126.677.809	225.601.787
9. Income from participating interests	41			
10. Interest income	42		1.972	3.368.606
11. Other financial income	43		5.735.999	<u>7.815.342</u>
FINANCIAL INCOME – TOTAL	44		5.737.971	11.183.948
13. Interest expenses	45		4.005.771	7.417.763
Other financial expenses	46		<u>4.064.258</u>	<u>6.740.576</u>
FINANCIAL EXPENSES – TOTAL	47		8.070.029	14.158.339
FINANCIAL PROFIT OR LOSS				
- Loss	48		2.332.058	2.974.391
TOTAL INCOME	49		<u>387.887.868</u>	<u>459.005.308</u>
TOTAL EXPENSES	50		<u>263.542.117</u>	236.377.912
PROFIT OR GROSS LOSS (A)				
- Profit	51		<u>124.345.751</u>	<u>222.627.396</u>
15. Income tax	52		<u> 19.985.076</u>	32.905.153
- Profit	53		<u>104.360.675</u>	189.722.243

Authorised for issue and signed on behalf of the Board of Directors at 18.03.2024 by

ADMINISTRATOR	DRAWN UP BY,
Name and surname PANAIT VIOREL	Name and surname OPREA IRINA
Signature	Position FINANCIAL MANAGER
	Signature
Unit's stamp	

STATEMENT OF TREASURY CASH FLOW

	<u>Note</u>	2022 (RON)	2023 (RON)
Cash flows from operating activities: Net cash flows from operating activities Interest paid Income tax paid Net cash flow generated by operating activities	9	164.935.234 (4.005.771) (16.315.550) 144.613.913	238.355.436 (7.417.763) (28.585.226) 202.352.448
Cash flows from investment activities: Cash payments for acquisition of land and fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term		144.013.913	202.332.440
assets Cash proceeds from sale of land and buildings, plant and equipment, intangible assets and other		(19.963.346)	(19.277.647)
long-term assets Interest proceeds		200.446 1.972	630.901 3.368.606
Net cash flow generated by investment activities		(19.760.928)	(15.278.140)
Cash flows from financing activities: Cash proceeds from loans Cash repayment of loans Loans received		9.723.708 (26.738.618)	- (27.329.870) -
Cash payments of the lessee for decrease of financial leasing liabilities Effect on exchange rate fluctuations on loans and		(909.190)	(899.205)
liabilities Dividends paid		(877.768) (21.209.105)	194.666 (154.440.692)
Net cash flow generated by financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	S	(40.010.973)	(182.475.101)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		84.842.012	4.599.207
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		<u> 18.463.924</u>	<u> 103.305.936</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year		<u>103.305.936</u>	<u>107.905.143</u>

On December 31, 2023, the balance of cash and cash equivalents includes the cash amount of RON 4.450.042 (as of Decembet 31, 2022: RON 8.821.197), restricted for dividend payments due to the Company's shareholders, payments that are made by the Central Depository through the designated payment agent in accordance with the legal provisions in force.

ADMINISTRATOR	DRAWN UP BY,
Name and surname <u>PANAIT VIOREL</u>	Name and surname OPREA IRINA
Signature	Position FINANCIAL MANAGER
	Signature

Unit's stamp

Notes from 1 to 10 are integral part of the financial statements. $7\ \text{of}\ 39$

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Shareholders' equity	Balance at		Decreases/	Balance at		Decreases/	Balance at
<u>Item</u>	<u> 1 January 2022</u>	<u>Increases</u>	Distributions	<u>31 December 2022</u>	<u>Increases</u>	Distributions	<u>31 December 2023</u>
	(RON)	(RON)	(RON)	(RON)	(RON)	(RON)	(RON)
	1	2	3	4	6	7	8
Subscribed share capital (note 6b)	29.139.928	_	_	29.139.928	_	_	29.139.928
Share premium	41.553	_	_	41.553	_	-	41.553
Revaluation reserves (note 1b)	76.490.045	_	4.850.778	71.639.267	-	4.339.441	67.299.826
Legal reserves (note 3)	5.827.986	_	-	5.827.986	-	-	5.827.986
Other reserves	57.968.945	-	-	57.968.945	6.989.368		64.958.313
Reported result representing the							
profit not distributed or loss not							
covered							
Credit balance (note3)	66.883.890	31.127.665	30.000.138	68.011.416	104.360.675	149.999.525	22.372.566
Reported result from first time							
adoption of IAS, except for IAS 29							
Credit balance	4.154.140	-	-	4.154.140			4.154.140
Reported result from correction of							
accounting errors							
Credit balance	1.783.997	-	-	1.783.997		1.737.068	3.521.065
Reported result from							
realised surplus from							
revaluation reserves (note 1b)	34.728.023	4.850.778	-	39.578.802	4.339.441		43.918.242

Notes from 1 to 10 are integral part of the financial statements. $8\ \text{of}\ 38$

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Shareholders' equity	Balance at		Decreases/	Balance at 31 December		Decreases/	Balance at
<u>Item</u>	<u>1 January 2022</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Distributions</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Distributions</u>	<u>31 December 2023</u>
	(RON)	(RON)	(RON)	(RON)	(RON)	(RON)	(RON)
	1	2	3	4	6	7	8
Profit or loss of the financial year							
Credit balance	32.387.501	104.360.675	32.387.501	104.360.675	189.722.243	104.360.675	189.722.243
Profit distribution (note 3)	<u>1.259.836</u>	<u>-</u> -	1.259.836		6.989.368		6.989.368
Total shareholders' equity	308.146.172	140.339.118	<u>65.978.581</u>	382.506.709	<u>298.422.359</u>	<u>256.962.573</u>	<u>423.966.494</u>

Other reserves represent reserves established by the Company from the profits of the previous years, mainly representing amounts allocated for investments financed from its own sources. Out of the total amount of RON 64.958.313, the amount of RON 6.989.368 represents reserves established from the profit of the year 2023, for which the Company benefited from tax exemption on the reinvested profit. These amounts will be taxed during the tax period in which they are used.

The reported result from correction of accounting errors during the year 2023 refers mainly to the rectification of the profit tax of the year ended on December 31, 2022 with the amounts resulting from the application of tax bonus granted by OUG 153/2020.

ADMINISTRATOR	DRAWN UP BY
Name and surname PANAIT VIOREL	Name and surname OPREA IRINA
Signature	Position FINANCIAL MANAGER
	Signature
Unit's stamp	

Notes from 1 to 10 are integral part of the financial statements. 9 of 38

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements have been prepared by Comvex SA (the "Company").

1 FIXED ASSETS

Gross value

Increases

Balance at 1 January 2023

Balance at 31 December 2023

Balance at 1 January 2023

Reductions or reversals Balance at 31 December 2023

Net carrying amount at 1 January 2023

Net carrying amount at 31 December 2023

Accumulated value adjustments

Adjustments in the current financial year

Ceded assets, transfers and other reductions

a) Intangible assets

Concessions, patents, licenses, trademarks, similar rights and values and other Intangible
assets
(RON)
3.972.632 447.783 <u>24.992</u> 4.395.423
3.288.873 548.685 <u>24.992</u> 3.812.566
<u>683.759</u>

582.857

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

b) Tangible assets

	Lands and lands improv ements (RON)	Buildings (RON)	Technical installation s and machines (RON)	Other plant, Equipment , tools and furniture (RON)	Tangible assets in progres S (RON)	Advances (RON)	Total (RON)
Gross Value							
Balance at 1 January 2023	37.086	188.152.368	257.675.828	1.254.202	25.296.512	571.364	472.987.360
Increases	-	6.584.839	10.413.240	541.606	12.364.718	1.199.055	31.103.454
Ceded assets, transfers and other reductions Balance at		174.059	483.879	1.062	14.327.520	965.451	15.951.971
31 December 2023	<u>37.086</u>	<u>194.563.148</u>	<u>267.605.189</u>	<u>1.794.746</u>	23.333.710	<u>804.968</u>	488.138.847
Accumulated Amortisation Balance at 1 January 2023 Amortisation registered during the financial year Reductions due to revaluation Reductions or reversals Balance at	3.709 3.709 =	11.515.350 5.978.958 15.241	32.356.536 17.527.678 398.755 =	350.174 277.634 524 =	-	-	44.225.769 23.787.980 414.520
31 Decembrie 2023	<u>7.418</u>	<u>17.479.067</u>	49.485.459	627.284			67.599.229
Provisions Balance at 1 January 2023 Increases		161.757	176.080	616	1.797.523	14.161 -	2.150.137
Decreases Balance at		<u>161.757</u>	<u>104.947</u>	<u>616</u>	<u>1.665.727</u>		<u>1.933.047</u>
31 Decembrie 2023		Ξ	<u>71.133</u>	=	<u>131.796</u>	<u>14.161</u>	217.090
Net carrying amount at la 1 January 2023	33.377	<u>176.475.261</u>	<u>225.143.212</u>	<u>903.412</u>	<u>23.498.989</u>	<u>557.203</u>	<u>426.611.454</u>
Net carrying amount at la 31 Decembrie 2023	<u> 29.668</u>	<u>177.084081</u>	218.048.597	<u>1.167.462</u>	<u>23.201.914</u>	<u>790.803</u>	<u>420.322.528</u>

Revaluation of tangible assets

On December 31^{st} , 2023, the Company did not proceed to the revaluation of tangible assets, the last registered revaluation being as of 31.12.2020.

Revaluations of tangible assets are performed regular enough so that the accounting value is not substantially different from the fair value set up on the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

The changes of revaluation reserve during the financial year are shown as follows:

	<u>31 December 2022</u>	31 December 2023
	(RON)	(RON)
Revaluation reserve at the beginning of the financial year	76.490.045	71.639.267
Differences from revaluation transferred in the		
current financial year Transfer at the reported result of the surplus from revaluation reserves	-	-
20141441012 20002100	<u>4.850.778</u>	4.339.441
Revaluation reserve at the end of the financial year	71.639.267	<u>67.299.826</u>

According to tax legislation in Romania, until 1st May 2009 revaluation reserves for tangible assets became taxable once their purpose was changed. Following the amendment of the Tax Code, effectively from 1st May 2009 differences from revaluation of fixed assets made after 1 January 2004, which are deducted through fiscal amortisation or expenses with disposals of assets when calculating the taxable profit, are taxable simultaneously with the deduction of tax depreciation, respectively at the moment when these fixed assets are disposed, as the case may be.

c) Financial assets

The financial assets are evaluated at historical cost and in 2023 no events were registered leading to their depreciation.

On December 31st, 2023, the Company had no subsidiaries.

On December 31st, 2023, the Company owned securities under the form of participating interests in the following associated/jointly controlled entities:

Subsidiary's	Held	Value of capital	Profit/ (loss) at 31
<u>name</u>	<u>percentage</u>	and <u>reserves</u>	December 2023
	(%)		
1. CDRV Associates SRL	20	<u>400</u>	=

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

2 PROVISIONS

Type of provision	Balance at 1 January 2023	Into <u>account</u>	Transfers <u>from</u> <u>account</u>	Balance at 31 DecembeR 2023
	(RON)	(RON)	(RON)	(RON)
Provisions for taxes	989.480	-	989.480	-
Other provisions	10.352.855	2.351.945	3.726.384	8.978.416
Adjustments for the impairment				
of tangible assets	2.135.976		1.933.047	202.929
Adjustments for the impairment				
of participation securities held	3.472			3.472
Adjustments for loss of				
value of other fixed assets	82.035			82.035
Adjustments for the impairment				
of receivables related to tangible				
assets	14.161	-		14.161
Adjustments for the impairment				
of current assets such as stocks	538.317	377.967	<u>82.966</u>	833.318
Adjustments for the impairment				
of assets	7.091.530	404.486	691.915	6.804.103

The risks and uncertainties related to economic and social environment in which Comvex SA is operating were considered during the estimation process of provisions.

Thus, at 31 December 2023, the the total amount of RON 8.978.416 presented as "Other provisions" include the following provisions:

- Provisions worth RON 2.813.426 recorded for the payment refusals to CN APM due to non-fulfillment or default/wrong fulfillment of its obligations contractually assumed; provisions were also made for the penalties related to this amount, refused payment by Comvex, in the amount of RON 2,407,751. Information regarding the refusals formulated to CN APM can be found in Note 10 a)1;
 - Provisions for unused holidays in the amount of RON 1.648.962;
 - Estimated provisions for the bonus calculated for the fulfillment of the performance indicators evaluated on 31.12.2023 and the individual contribution made to the objectives and results of the Company (Key Performance Indicators) in the amount of RON 1.784.633.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

Adjustments for impairment of property, plant and equipment refers to:

- Value adjustments for stocks with no movement, slow movement, physically or morally obsolite. The
 adjustment value was set up based on the suppliers' offers and after the analysis conducted by the
 internal evaluation commission;
- Adjustments for the individual depreciation of tangible assets;
- Adjustments for impairment of commercial receivables are established if there is objective proof that the Company will not be able to collect all the amounts on the set up due dates, as well as for the overdue receivables for over 365 days.

3 PROFIT DISTRIBUTION

The profit distribution during the financial year ended at 31 December 2023, along with the proposal for the distribution of the profit for year 2023, are as follows:

<u>Destination</u>	Distribution in <u>2022</u>	Proposal for distribution of profit <u>from 2023</u>
	(RON)	(RON)
Profit distributed in:		189.722.243
legal reserveother reservesgross dividends	149.999.525	6.989.368 - 125.000.000
- undistributed		57.732.875

4 LIABILITIES SITUATION

At 31 December 2023, the long term liabilities were as follows:

At 31 December 2023, the long term liabilities were as follows:	Between 1- 5 years	>5 years
Amounts due to financial/credit institutions	84.748.281	
Amounts due to third party entities	9.949.200	
Other liabilities, including taxes and social security payables	1.507.431	

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

As at 31 December 2023, Comvex has a bank loan contract for financing of the investments (see note 8 c) for details related to the loan contracts), for which were there have been constituted the following guarantees:

- First rank mortgage over some fixed assets movable and immovable assets;
- Movable mortgage on current accounts opened by the Company at Raiffeisen Bank and Eximbank.

As at 31.12.2023, the Company has a financing facility for working capital in the amount of RON 4.970.615 (equivalent of euro 999.199 million) granted by Eximbank. In March 2021, the Company accessed a bank loan in the form of an advance on a current account for current activity, in the amount of EUR 1 million. The loan was granted by Raiffeisen Bank, had a grace period of 12 months for capital repayments, and the final maturity on 15.12.2023. The facility was fully repaid until the end of 2023.

5 ACCOUNTING POLICIES, PRINCIPLES AND METHODS

The main accounting policies adopted in preparing these financial statements are disclosed below.

A Basis for preparation of financial statements

(1) General information

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- (i) The Accounting Law no 82/1991 republished in June 2008 ("Law 82");
- (ii) Accounting regulations regarding the annual stand alone financial statements and annual consolidated financial statements, approved by the Order of the Minister of Public Finance of Romania 1802/2014 and subsequent amendments ("OMF 1802"). Taking into account the presentation requirements entered into force in 2023, as well as to provide a fair image, the Company also presented the comparative amounts related to the previous year for the changes required in 2023.

Considering the size criteria disclosed in OMF 1802, the Company fits in the category of medium and large entities.

The financial statements belong to COMVEX SA and include:

- Balance sheet,
- Profit and loss account,
- Statement of equity changes,
- Cash flows statement,
- Notes to annual financial statements.

These are accompanied by "Informative data" and "Non-current assets statement".

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

(2) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the respective period. Although these estimates are made by the Company's management based on the best information available as at the date of the financial statements, actual results may differ from these estimates.

(3) Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared based on the going concern principle, which assumes that the Company will continue to operate in the foreseeable future. In order to assess the reasonability of this assumption, the management reviews the forecasts of the future cash inflows of each branch of activity: Mineral Terminal and Grain Terminal. For the Mineral Terminal, the management of the Company takes into consideration the operationg flows forecasted by the recurring clients for 2024, while for the Grain Terminal has made an analyses taking into consideration the operationg flows from the contracts already concluded in the last agricultural year as well as the cash potential given by the future commercial relations.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company generated sufficient profits and liquidity and meets the financial indicators related to the contracted financing, thus managing the main obligations due on December 31, 2023.

The company took also in consideration the subsequent events (note 8l) and based on these analyzes, the management considers that the Company will be able to continue its activity in the foreseeable future and therefore the application of the principle of business continuity in preparing the financial statements is justified.

(4) Measurement currency

Accounting is kept in Romanian language and in the national currency. Items included in these financial statements are disclosed in Romanian lei.

Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions of the Company are translated into the disclosure currency using the exchange rates communicated by the National Bank of Romania ('NBR') as at the dates of the transactions. At each month end, foreign currency monetary balances are translated into RON using the exchange rates communicated by NBR for the last banking day of the month. Gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement, within the financial result. Advances do not represent monetary elements and are not the object of translation

 \mathbf{B}

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

based on foreign exchange.

C Intangible assets

(i) Concessions, patents, licenses, trademarks, rights and similar assets

The concessions, patents, licenses, trademarks, rights and similar assets are registered in the acquisition account or at their contribution value. Concessions received are reflected as intangible assets when the concession contract is concluded for a period and at a value set up for the concession. The concession depreciation is registered for its period of use set up according to the contract.

The patents, licenses, trademarks and similar assets are depreciated by the lineal method for a 3 years period.

(ii) Advance payments and other intangible assets

Within the advance payment and other intangible assets there are registered the advances paid to suppliers of intangible assets, IT software designed by the entity or purchased from third parties for its own needs, as well as other intangible assets.

The elements such as other intangible assets are depreciated by the lineal method for a 3-year period.

The expenses allowing the intangible assets to generate future economic benefits above the initially forecast performance are added to their original cost. Such expenses are capitalized as intangible assets if they are not an integral part of tangible assets.

D Tangible assets

Cost/ valuation

Tangible assets are initially evaluated at acquisition cost.

Starting 2006, tangible assets revaluation is performed at the fair value established based on evaluations usually made by qualified professionals in evaluation.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

Fair values of property, plant and equipment revalued under OMF 1802 are updated with sufficient regularity so that the carrying amount does not differ substantially from that which would be determined using fair value at the balance sheet date. If there is no fair market information, the fair value is estimated based on the net cash flows or depreciated replacement cost.

Lastly, Management updated the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment revalued in accordance with OMF 1802 as of December 31, 2020 based on market information and found that there is sufficient market information available on fair value to support current fair values. On December 31, 2023, the management considered that there is no need for a new update of the book value, the premises considered for the revaluation of tangible assets on December 31, 2020 remaining valid.

If a completely depreciated tangible asset can still be used, during its revaluation a new value and a new period of economic use are established, meeting the estimated period of further use.

The accumulated depreciation at the revaluation date is deducted from the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is recalculated to the revalued amount of the asset. The transfer of the revaluation reserve to retained earnings is made as the asset is used.

Also, the Company operates a series of tangible assets grouped on the two activities: Grain Terminal and Mineral Terminal, which operate intermittently and seasonally, in close connection with the operating flows coming from the clients.

The cost of a tangible asset also includes the initially estimated costs with its dismantling and move when it is decommissioned, as well as with the restoration of the location the assets is mounted on, when such costs can be estimated reliably.

The maintenance and repairs of tangible assets are registered on expenses when they occur and the significant improvements made to tangible assets, which increase their value or life span, or significantly increase the capacity to generate economic benefits, are capitalized.

Regular Inspections or overhauls are recognized as a component of a tangible assets element if they meet the recognition criteria as an asset and if they are significant. In such case, the value of the component is amortized for the period between two planned inspections. The cost of current revisions and inspections, other than those recognized as a component of the asset, represents the expenses for the period.

Tangible assets include those assets purchased for safety or environmental reasons which are necessary in order to obtain future economic benefits from other assets. Important spare parts and security equipment are registered as tangible assets when they are expected to be used over a period longer than one year. Other spare parts and service equipment are registered as stocks and are recognized in profit or loss when consumed.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. Depreciation

The accounting policy regarding the estimation of the expected consumption of future economic benefits incorporated in the depreciable assets related to the Mineral Terminal takes into account (i) the economic-financial context in which the Company operates and (ii) the fact that, although the activity of the Minerals Terminal it is not a linear one, however it is necessary that the equipments of the Terminal be dimensioned so that they can take over the high activity periods, depending of the influx of ships and the evolution of the industries that serve them.

Thus, the accounting policy regarding the estimation of the expected way of consuming the future economic benefits incorporated in the depreciable assets applied for the Mineral Terminal is the depreciation method according to OMFP 1802/2014, art. 240, point (1), paragraph d), respectively "depreciation calculated per unit of product or service" for tangible assets that directly contribute to the handling of quantities remaining to be handled during the remaining life of the Comvex Mineral Terminal equipment .

The other tangible fixed assets related to the Grain Terminal, respectively other common assets that serve both lines of activity, will continue to be depreciated according straight-line method. For these, amortisation is calculated at entry value, using the straight-line method for the whole useful life of the assets, as follows:

<u>Asset</u> <u>Years</u>

Constructions
Technical plants and machinery
Other plants, equipment and furniture

between 20 and 50 between 5 and 24 between 3 and 18

Amortization is calculated starting with the next month after the commissioning and until the full recovery of their entry value.

The land is not depreciated as it is considered to have an indefinite lifespan.

3. Tangible assets sale/discarding

Tangible assets which are discarded or sold are written off the balance sheet together with the adequate cumulated amortization. Any profit or loss resulting as a difference between the income generated by its writing off and its unamortized value, including the expenses for such operation, is included in the profit and loss account, in "Other operating income" or in "Other operating expenses", as the case may be.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

When the Company recognise in the accounting value of a tangible asset the cost of a partial replacement (replacement of a component), the accounting value of the replaced part, with the related amortization is written off the records.

4. Borrowing costs

The expenses with interests related to the loans obtained for the acquisition, construction or production of tangible assets for which the starting date of the capitalization occurs after 2015, January 1st, are included in their production costs, in so far as they relate to the production period. Fees and bank charges related to long-term loans are recognized as expenses incurred in advance until the completion of the construction of the asset for which the loans were contracted, and will be transferred to expenses staggered, during the repayment period of those loans.

5. Sale and leaseback

The selling and leasing transaction of the same asset by a financial leasing contract is treated as a financing transaction and the respective asset is kept in the patrimony.

E Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

At the end of the financial year, the value of the tangible and intangible assets elements is reconciled with the inventory results. To this end, the net accounting value is compared to the value set up based on the inventory, called inventory value. The differences found out in minus between the inventory value and the net accounting value of asset elements are registered in the accounting based on an additional depreciation in case of assets depreciable for which depreciation is irreversible or a depreciation adjustment or a value loss adjustment is made when the depreciation is reversible. The inventory value is set up depending on the good utility, its condition and the market price.

F Financial assets

Financial assets include the shares owned in affiliated entities, the loans granted to affiliated entities, the participating interests, the loans granted to entities the Company is related to by participating interests, as well as other investments owned as fixed assets.

Financial assets are recognized in the balance sheet at the acquisition cost or at the value set up by their acquisition contract. The acquisition cost also includes the trading costs. The financial assets are evaluated later at their entry value, less the cumulated value loss adjustments.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

G Inventories

Inventories are registered at the lowest value between the cost and the net achievable value. The cost is established by the method first in – first out (FIFO). The cost of finite products and in progress includes materials, labor force and the related indirect production expenses. Where required, provisions are made for stocks with slow movement, physically or morally obsolite.

The company manages a series of stocks (parts / spare parts), of strategic importance for the good development of the operational activity.

Most of these stocks were purchased in previous years, to be used for maintenance activities related to the fixed assets, as any unplanned shutdown generates significant costs for the Company. The Company does not have pledged inventories.

Commercial discounts granted by suppliers reduce the cost of inventories if they are still in the balance.

H Trade receivables

Trade receivables are carried at original invoice amount less provision made for impairment of these receivables. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables.

I Short term financial investments

These include the short-term deposits at banks and other short-term investments (bonds, shares and other securities acquired for the purpose of making a short-term profit). Short-term investments admitted to trading on a regulated market are valued at the balance sheet date at the bid value on the last day of trading, and those not marketed at historical cost less any possible adjustments for loss in value.

J Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are shown in the balance sheet at their cost. In the cash flows statement, the cash and its equivalents include the petty cash, accounts with banks, short term financial investments, treasury advance payments, net of overdraft. The overdraft is shown in the balance sheet in the debts to be paid within a one-year period – amounts due to credit institutions.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

K Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as own equity.

The expenses related to own capital instruments issuance are directly reflected in own capitals, on the line Losses related to own capital instruments.

When redeeming the shares of the Company, the amount paid will diminish the own equity. When such shares are later re-issued, the received amount (net of transaction costs) is recognized in own equity.

The differences of foreign exchange rate between the shares subscription moment and the transfer moment of their counter value do not represent gains or losses related to the issuance, redemption, sale, free assignment or annulment of the instruments of own equity of the entity, as they are recognized in financial income or expenses, as the case may be.

L Dividends

The dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in the shareholders' equity when declared.

M Borrowings

Short and long term borrowings are recognised initially at the proceeds received. Any difference between proceeds and the redemption value is recognised in the statement of profit and loss over the period of the borrowing contract.

Fees and bank comisssions related to long term loans are recognized as prepaid expenses until the completion of the construction of the asset for which the loans were contracted. Prepayments are to be released as current expenditure in installments over the repayment period of the loans.

If the Company has an unconditional right to defer the settlement of loans for at least twelve months after the end of the reporting period, the debts in question will be classified as long term liabilities. The other loans will be disclosed as short term liabilities.

The short-term portion of long-term borrowings is classified as "Debts: amounts to be paid in less than a year" and included together with interest accumulated at the balance sheet date in "Amounts due to credit institutions", from the Current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

N Accounting for leases where the Company is the lessee

(1) Financial leasing agreements

The leasing contracts for the tangible assets where the Company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalized at the estimated present value of the lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate during the reimbursement period. The corresponding rental obligations are included either in current or non-current liabilities. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the profit and loss statement over the lease period. The assets acquired under finance leases are capitalized and depreciated over their useful life.

(2) Operating lease agreements

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the profit and loss statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

O Trade payables

Trade payables are recorded at the value of the amounts payable for the goods or services received.

P Provisions

Provisions for environmental restoration, restructuring costs and legal claims, as well as other provisions for risks and expenses are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Restructuring provisions comprise direct costs generated by restructuring, namely those necessarily generated by the restructuring process and not related to the entity's going concern.

No provisions are recognised for future operating losses.

Regarding onerous contracts (contracts in which unavoidable costs of meeting the contractual obligations exceed the economic benefits expected to be obtained), the present contractual obligation under the contract is recognized and measured as a provision. Before setting up a separate provision for an onerous contract, any loss is recognized from the depreciation of the assets allocated to the respective contract.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

Q Employee benefits

Pensions and other post retirement benefits

The Company, in the normal course of business, makes payments to health funds, pensions and state unemployment relief on behalf of its employees, at statutory rates. All employees of the Company are members of the Romanian State pension plan. These costs are recognised in the profit and loss statement together with the related salary costs.

The Company does not operate any other pension scheme or post retirement benefit plan and, consequently, has no obligation in respect of pensions.

R Capital subsidies

(1) Subsidies related to assets

Government subsidies, including non-monetary subsidies at fair value, are recognized when there is sufficient certainty that the entity will comply with the granting conditions and that the subsidies will be received.

Subsidies received for the purchase of assets like tangible assets are recorded as subsidies for investments and recognised in the balance sheet as deferred income. Deferred income is recognised in the profit and loss statement in the periods of recording expenses with depreciation or cassation or cease of assets purchased by the respective subsidy.

(2) Subsidies related to expenses

Subsidies related to current expenses are disclosed as income in the profit and loss statement in the period appropriate to the related expenses which these subsidies are to compensate for.

If in a period subsidies are cashed related to expenses not yet incurred, subsidies received do not represent revenues of that period.

S Taxation

Current income tax

The Company records current income tax based upon taxable income from the financial statements, in accordance with the relevant tax legislation.

For the profit invested in technological equipment, electronic computers and peripheral equipment, machines and household appliances, control and billing, in computer programs, as well as for the right to use computer programs, products and / or purchased, including under contracts financial

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

leasing, and put into operation, used for the purpose of carrying out the economic activity, the tax exemption may be applied, in accordance with art. 22 paragraph (1) of Law no. 227/2015 on the Fiscal Code, with subsequent amendments.

The amount of the profit for which he benefited from the income tax exemption is distributed at the end of the financial year when the reserves are set up:

- Legal reserve;
- Other reserves.

T Revenue recognition

Revenues comprise the sold goods and provided services.

Revenues from goods sales are recognised when the Company has transferred the main risks and benefits related to the goods possession to the purchaser.

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised as the services are rendered.

Revenue arising from royalties is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreements.

Revenues from interests are recognised periodically and proportionally as the respective revenue is generated on an accountancy engagement basis.

Commercial discounts granted after invoicing are recorded in the profit and loss statement as part of operating income, in the position "commercial discounts granted".

Dividends are recognised as revenue when the legal right to receive payment is established, namely at the date they are approved.

In these financial statements, income and expenses are shown at gross value.

Income from provisions writing back, respectively of depreciation or value loss adjustments are recorded separately, depending on their nature, at the moment the risk achievement or the expense becomes eligible.

U Turnover

The turnover represents the amounts invoiced and to be invoiced, net of VAT and discounts, in relation to the goods and services provided to third parties.

V Operating expenses

The operating expenses are recognised in the period they refer to.

Operating expenses include also expenses with commercial discounts received after invoicing.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

The expenses related to the financial year are registered, irrespective of their payment date. Thus, the debts for which the invoice has not been received yet will be registered in the expenses or goods accounts.

W Financial expenses

Financial expenses include: loss from receivables related to participations; losses on disposal of financial investments; unfavorable differences of foreign currency exchange rates; interests related to the financial year in progress; discounts granted to clients; losses from financial receivables and others. Financial expenses are recognized in the period to which they reffer.

X Corectarea erorilor contabile

The correction of significant errors related to previous financial years is carried out on account of the reported result. Insignificant errors related to previous financial years are corrected on the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

6 INVESTMENTS AND FINANCING SOURCES

a) Investment certificates, securities and convertible bonds

The Company did not issue other securities except for its own shares.

b) Share capital

The value of subscribed capital on December 31st 2023amounted to RON 29.139.928 (31 December 2022 RON 29.139.928) representing 11.655.971 shares (December 31st, 2023: 11.655.971 shares). All shares are ordinary, fully subscribed and paid in on December 31st 2023. All shares have the same voting right and a nominal value of RON 2,5 /share (December 31st, 2023: RON 2,5 /share).

The structure of shareholders on December 31st, 2022 is the following:

	Number <u>of shares</u>	Amount (RON)	Percentage (%)
Solidmet SRL	3.576.953	8.942.383	30,6877
Liberty Holdco Galati&Skopje Limited	3.277.526	8.193.815	28,1189
Nicola Ruxandra-Ioana	2.050.040	5.125.100	17,5879
Dragoi Anca Mihaela	2.050.040	5.125.100	17,5879
Alti actionari-persoane fizice	483.556	1.208.890	4,1486
Alti actionari-persoane juridice	<u>217.856</u>	<u>544.640</u>	<u>1,8691</u>
Total	<u>11.655.971</u>	<u> 29.139.928</u>	100

c) Shares issued during the financial year

During the year 2023 there were no changes in share capital evolution.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

- 7 INFORMATION REGARDING THE EMPLOYEES AND THE MEMBERS OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE, MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISORY BODIES AND OTHER KEY PERSONNEL
- a) Remuneration of the members of the administrative, management and supervisory bodies and other key personnel

	•	•
	31 December 2022 (RON)	31 December 2023 (RON)
Salaries: Directors (*) Management	6.581.130 5.839.413	8.442.406 <u>7.457.469</u>
	<u>12.420.543</u>	<u> 15.899.875</u>

Financial year ended on

Financial year ended on

(*) also includes the contributions paid, including contributions for daily travel allowances and benefits in the form of health insurance

	<u>31 December 2022</u>	<u> 31 December 2023</u>
	(RON)	(RON)
Salaries payable as at the end of the		
period:	<u>701.087</u>	<u>684.048</u>

b) Employees

The average number of employees during the year was as follows:

	<u> 2022</u>	<u> 2023</u>
Administrative personnel	73	77
Operational personnel	<u>312</u>	<u>339</u>
	385	416
Expenses with personnel include the following:		
r	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Expenses for social security	<u>2.898.970</u>	<u>3.587.889</u>
Expenses with salaries and indemnities	<u>54.461.771</u>	<u>66.066.604</u>

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

8 OTHER INFORMATION

a) Information regarding the Company

COMVEX S.A. was incorporated in 1991, being the biggest specialized Terminal in operating solid raw materials in bulk from the Black Sea area, covering a surface of de 700.386 m² South of Constanța Port, Romania.

COMVEX Terminal is a market leader, specialized in handling, storing and transshipping sold raw materials in bulk, such as: iron ores, coals, coke, bauxite, having complete and modern operating facilities located in Constanța Port.

COMVEX is the only Terminal operating solid raw materials in bulk from the Black Sea area which can board high capacity "cape size" ships (up to 220,000 tdw), as it has an unloading sea quay made of 5 berths of total 1,400 m long and water depths ranging between 10.8 and 18.5 m. At the same time, the terminal enjoys a good geographical position with access to waterways network including the Danube.

In addition to the existing Mineral Terminal, COMVEX has developed a Grain Terminal in Dana 80, covering an area of approximately 60,000 sqm. The location offers important logistic advantages, such as: the deepest berth in the Black Sea, the vicinity with the barge terminal (proximity to the Danube-Black Sea Canal), for river transport from the Danube border, direct and easy access to the railway, direct access to the A2 motorway. Thus, COMVEX will offer grain producers in Romania, Hungary, Serbia, Bulgaria the possibility of delivering the production on high capacity vessels, from 100,000 to 120,000 tdw.

The total storage capacity of the COMVEX Grain Terminal is 200,000 mt. Storage capacity and operating rates are calculated for wheat. The storage area consists of 18 large flat-bottomed silo cells (12 x 10,000 mt and 6 x 10,900 mt), 6 small flat-bottomed silo cells (2,250 mt each) and 6 conical bottom cells.

The company has implemented an integrated management system, certified on the ISO 9001: 2015 quality management standards, the environmental management system according to ISO 14001: 2015 and the occupational health and safety management system according to OHSAS 54001:2018. In addition, the cereal terminal is certified to the ISO 22000: 2018 (food safety management system) standard. It also complies with the requirements of the International Ship and Port Facility Security (ISPS) Code.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

b) Information regarding the subsidiaries, associated undertakings and entities under the common control of the Company is disclosed in Note 1 (c).

In the meaning of the provisions of Art. 7 pct. 26 of Law 227/2015 regarding the Fiscal Code, with further amendments and completions, the affiliated persons to Comvex Company are Solidmet SRL and Liberty Holdco Galati&Skopje Limited, both owning more than 25% of the equity interests

c) Financing

As of December 31, 2023, the Company has a bank loan contract for investments, as well as a financing agreement granted for the purpose of financing the current activity as presented in the table below:

No	<u>Bank</u>	<u>Destinati</u> <u>on</u>	Ccy	Approved amount	<u>Signing</u> <u>date</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	Balace as of 31.12.2023	Out of whitch short term	Out of whitch long term
1	Raiffeis en Bank si Eximba nk	Long-term bank loan to finance the "Grain Terminal" investment	EUR	38.384.200	16.05.2017	08.08.2028	22.148.200	5.112.000	17.036.200
		Equivalent in:	RON				110.178.436	25.430.155	84.748.282
2	Eximba nk	Short-term financing loan	EUR				999.199	999.199	-
		Equivalent in:	RON				4.970.615	4.970.615	
	TOTAL		EUR				23.147.390	6.111.190	17.036.200
	TOTAL	Equivalent in:	RON				115.149.051	30.400.770	84.748.282

In order to finance the investment "Grain terminal" on berth 80, the Company contracted a long-term bank loan of EUR 36.4 million. The financing was equally granted by Raiffeisen Bank and EximBank, also benefiting until May 2022 of a guarantee issued by EximBank In the Name and on Account of the Romanian State, amounting EUR 18.144 million. In 2022, the Facility was extended with an additional amount of EUR 2 million granted to finance the increase in the capacity to unload grains from barges, repayable after the initial maturity period, respectively in 2028. The total Facility is repaid in quarterly installments, starting from September 2019 (according to the approval of the amendment of the contractual clauses dated 13.03.2019) and has a final maturity of August 8, 2028.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

The balance of the credit facility, including the additional amount obtained in 2022, on December 31, 2023 was in the amount of RON 110.178.436 (EUR 22.148.200).

The credit agreement obtained for the financing of the Cereal Terminal contains a series of financial conditions ("financial covenants") that must be fulfilled by the Company every financial year.

The first test year was the financial year starting with the year ended 31 December 2021.

The indicators for 2022 are:

- Debt Service Coverage Rate as a ratio between Cash Flow and Net Debt Service having as a reference value > 1.2
- -The Indebtedness Indicator- as a ratio between Net Financial Debts and EBITDA- having as a reference value ≤ 3

On December 31, 2023, both indicators were met.

On 31.12.2023, the Company has a financing facility for working capital in the amount of RON 4.970.615 (the equivalent of 999.199 million EUR) granted by Eximbank, fully used at the end of 2022. In March 2021, the Company accessed a loan bank in the form of an advance on a current account for the current activity, in the amount of EUR 1 million. The loan was granted by Raiffeisen Bank, with the final maturity on 15.12.2023, the balance at the end of 2023 beeing zero.

d) Leasing and leaseback operations

At the end of 2023, the balance of leasing financing was RON 2.191.676 representing the equivalent of EUR 436.365. Leasing financing was contracted for the purchase of cars necessary for the activity.

e) Fees paid to auditors / censors

In 2023, the company paid the financial auditor the fees according to the contract concluded between the parties.

f) Contingent liabilities and commitments undertaken

The Company has the following commitments:

	31st of December 2023
	RON
(i) Capital commitments	-
(ii) Commitments related to operational leasing	
contracts and land rental contracts	115.328.745
(iii) Guarantees granted to third parties	1.517.217
(iv) Contingent debts (note 10a)	-
(v) Commitments related to pensions	=

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

Commitments related to the operational leasing and land rental contracts refer to the rent calculated for the entire validity period of the land rental contracts (respectively until 31.12.2049 at the latest) signed with the National Company "Administratia Porturilor Maritime". The guarantees granted to third parties refer to the amounts granted in the form of bank guarantee letters issued in favor of CN APM to guarantee the monthly rent according to the rental contracts.

g) Derivative instruments

The company has no derivative instruments.

h) Commitments received

31st of December 2023 (lei)

Received pledges and guarantees (letters of bank guarantee for paid advances) Other received guarantees

Total

i) Related party and jointly controlled parties transactions

The company carried out the following transactions with related parties and jointly controlled parties:

Entity	Relation	Transaction
Solidmet SRL	Related party	Loan received in 2020

(1) Aquisitions of good and services

31st of December 2022 2023 (RON) (RON)

Aquisition of services

a) other jointly controlled parties

(2)	Balances resulted from sales/aquisition of good and services
	ough of December 2000

31st of December 2022 31st of December 2023 (RON) (RON)

Receivables

a) other jointly controlled parties

397.272

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

Receivables in relation to other related parties refer to capital investments made for equipment leased for the purpose of carrying out the Company's business.

(3) Loans received

		31st of December
	31st of December 2022	<u>2023</u>
	(lei)	(lei)
Loan received from:		
a) related parties		
	9.894.800	9.949.200

During 2020, Solidmet SRL has granted a loan for the Company amounting EUR 2.000.000 in order to cover the last amounts to be paid for the completion of the Grain Terminal investment project. The loan has a maturity of 5 years starting with 01.05.2020 and and it is not an interest bearer. The loan was also presented in Note 4 as a long-term debt.

j) Other expenses regarding third parties

Descriere	31.12.2022	31.12.2023
Maintenance and repairs expenses	4.995.964	6.177.879
Insurance expenses	1.828.807	2.352.532
Exoenses related to training of personnel	41.905	30.300
Commissions and fees	2.360.299	2.780.698
Protocol, advertising and publicity expenses	2.541.918	2.737.516
Transport of personnel	225.619	280.758
Travel and transfer expenses	713.842	1.438.135
Post and telecommunications expenses	582.895	620.739
Banking fees and commissions and similar services	1.849.594	1.108.702
Other third party services	<u>18.135.630</u>	33.753.420
Total	33.276.473	51.280.679

Regarding the maintenance and repair expenses, the company records those maintenance and revision costs that do not meet the capitalization criteria.

Rent and royalties expenses include the rent paid to CNAPM for the port teritory, as well as the rental of equipment and specialized machinery for the activity of handling goods in the Mineral Terminal.

The expenses with commissions and fees include also the costs representing the services provided by the lawyers with whom the company collaborates.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

Other expenses with services performed by third parties refer mainly to various services subcontracted from third parties (transport on the Danube by TTS) and integrated into the services offered to clients by the Company, cargo analysis and inspection services, guard and security services, support IT etc.

From the total of other expenses with services performed by third parties in 2023, the amount of RON 9.200.602 lei represents expenses with hired labor (RON 4.875.127 in 2022), the amount of RON 7.917.354 represents railway maneuvers performed (RON 4.321.265 in 2022).

Other expenses

Of the total other expenses in the amount of RON 14.434.379 in 2023, the amount of RON 9.936.650 represents expenses for greening services of the operating perimeter of the Mineral Terminal (RON 21.530.207 in 2022), performed by Ropamial. The rest of the expenses represent, mainly, expenses with various services subcontracted from third parties (transport on the Danube performed by TTS, loading services performed by DB Schenker) and integrated into the services offered to clients by the Company, respectively RON 3.560.859 in 2023 (RON 22.339.354 in 2022). In 2022, this type of expenses made with the aim of offering an integrated service to clients, was presented by the Company on the "Other expenses" line, and in 2023 it was recorded as "Expenses regarding external services" and presented as such on this line.

k) Turnover

	Financial year ended 31 December 2022 (lei)	Financial year ended 31 December 2023 (lei)
Revenues from services Revenues from sale of goods	332.059.236 24.857.919	414.951.734 <u>10.754.517</u>
	<u>356.917.155</u>	<u>425.706.251</u>

Revenues from services refer mainly to revenues rendered for bulk raw material handling and storage services, performed for the clients of both terminals belonging to the Company, respectively the Mineral Terminal and the Cereal Terminal.

The revenues from sale of goods refers to the revenues obtained from the valorisation/sale of homogenous of coal and iron ore obtained from the processing of materials mixes resulted as technological losses from handling operations in mineral terminal.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Financial year	Financial year
	ended	ended
	31 December 2022	31 December 2023
	(lei)	(lei)
Mineral Terminal turnover	233.544.062	260.475.198
Grain Terminal turnover	<u>123.373.091</u>	<u>165.231.053</u>
	356.917.155	<u>425.706.251</u>

The turnover recorded in both terminals increased compared to the one recorded last year based on the increase in the quantities of materials handled, especially in the Grain Terminal, as well as based on the existing geo-political context. Thus, during 2023, the company's activity registered an important expansion based on the increase in cargo traffic through the Port of Constanța, an increase generated by the aria geo-political context. Thus, as a result of the Russian-Ukrainian war and, implicitly, the closure and/or dramatic restriction of operations through Ukrainian ports, Romania became one of the main transport routes for goods from Ukraine, being used as a transit country. In addition, considering the increase in demand for port operation services, the tariffs applied in the Port of Constanța have also registered increases, generating important revenues and financial results to match.

d) Subsequent events

There are no significant subsequent events.

The Company's performance for January and February 2024 is in line with the Company's management expectations, but uncertainty about the geo-political situation in the region and national decisions related to it may impact the Company, as described in more detail in the Directors' Report. The Company's management closely monitors the situation and will take all necessary measures to reduce any impact.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

9 NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITY

	Financial year ended <u>31 December</u> <u>2022</u> (RON)	Financial year ended <u>31 December</u> <u>2023</u> (RON)
Operating activities:		
Net profit Adjustments for net result reconciliation with the net cash used in operating activities:	104.360.675	189.722.243
Value adjustment of tangible and intangible assets - net	26.247.176	22.403.617
Adjustments for provisions for current assets - net	1.550.786	7.573
Adjustments for provisions for financial assets - net	8.007.824	(2.363.919)
Provision adjustments for risks and charges - net Profit/(loss) from selling of tangible and intangible		
assets	81.943	1.670.205
Income tax	19.985.076	32.905.153
Interest income	(1.972)	(3.368.606)
Interest expense	4.005.771	7.417.763
Increase of cash generated from operations before changes in working capital		
operations before changes in working capital	164.237.277	248.394.030
Changes in working capital: (Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	1 0/ 1/	1-10711-0-1
Balance and other receivables	(27.196.672)	469.298
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories balance	(3.838.050)	(11.892.449)
Increase in trade payables balance		
and other payables	<u>31.732.679</u>	1.384.557
Net cash flow generated from operations	<u>164.935.234</u>	<u>238.355.436</u>

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

10 CONTINGENCIES AND OTHER LITIGATIONS

(a) Litigations

- (1) On December 31, 2023, the Company has several ongoing litigations with Compania Nationala Administratia Porturilor Maritime SA Constanta (CN APM), determined by Comvex's refusal to pay the tariff for using the port infrastructure (UDP), taking into consideration the following aspects:
 - (i) Unilateral increase by CN APM of the tariff for using the port infrastructure in the context of a pre-existing contract providing the parties' obligation to negotiate;
 - (ii) CN APM's non fulfilment/faulty fulfilment of its contractually assumed obligations.

Thus, starting with January 2015, the Company refused to pay the increased tariff from EUR 0.05 euro /m2/month to 0.08 euro / m2/month, as the increased tariff has no correspondent in the contractual mechanism and starting with April 2015, Comvex invoked the failure to fulfil with the counter services related to the UDP tariff of 0.05 euro /m2/month provided within the agreement concluded with CN APM. Through its refusal to pay the UDP tariff, COMVEX has consistently detailed the reasons underlying such refuses, attaching in this sense justifying photo boards, showing with no doubt that CN APM non fulfilment/faulty fulfilment of its contractually assumed obligations.

The value of the refusals related to the tariff of 0.05 euro /m2 for April 2015 – September 2016 is in the amount of RON 2,813,425.5 without VAT, amount which was provisioned, thusly avoiding the impairment of the future financial position of the Company.

The total value of the refusals related to the tariff of 0.03 euro /m2 amounts to RON 1.322.255 without VAT, amount which cannot impair the financial position of the Company because, as mentioned above, there is no contractual correspondent for that tariff, the Company not recognising any adjustments in the financial statements. We mention that the claims of CNAPM regarding the payment of the counter value of the tariff for using the port infrastructure increased with 0.03 euro /m2/month were already rejected by the Court as having no merits, thusly CNAPM transmitted until now part of the invoices for cancellation of the tariff of 0.03 euro /m2.

On December 31, 2023, the total value of the refused penalties was of RON 6.652.829 from which the amount of RON 2,407,751 represents refused penalties for the tariff of 0.05 euro/m2 and the difference of RON 4.245.078 - represents refused penalties for the increased tariff of 0.05 euro/m2 to 0,08 euro (for which CNAPM did not issue cancellation invoices). We make the same mention that CNAPM has already cancelled part of the penalties for the increased tariff of 0,03 euro/m2. The Company did not recognise any adjustments in the financial statements for the refused penalties regarding the increased tariff.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

On December 23, 2020 by means of Decision no. 1476/2020 ordered in File no. 6744/118/2015, the Constanta County Court dismissed entirely the claim submitted by CN APM by which they requested the obligation of Comvex to the payment of the amount representing the UDP invoices refused to be paid during the period of 30.01.2015 – 29.01.2016 as well as the related penalties. CN APM has filed an appeal against Decision no. 1476/2020.

By Civil Decision no. 412/07.10.2021 ordered by the Constanta Appeal Court was admitted the appeal introduced by CN APM SA, was partly changed the appealed decision, respectively the related requests were partly admitted, the defendant Comvex SA was obliged to the payment to the plaintiff CN APM SA of the amount of RON 1,924,807.23 representing the tariff for using the port infrastructure calculated for the period of 30.01.2015 – 14.01.2016 at the level of 0,05 euro/m2 and to the payment of delay penalties relative to the tariff for using the port infrastructure calculated at the level of 0,05 euro paid late. The rest of the claims relative to the payment of the counter value of the tariff for using the port infrastructure increased with 0,03 euro/m2/month were rejected as having no merits.

Both Comvex and CN APM introduced appeal against the decision of the Constanta Appeal Court in file 6744/118/2015. The appeal introduced by Comvex targets the request regarding the obligation to the payment of the amount of RON 1,924,807.23 representing the tariff for using the port infrastructure of 0,05 euro/m2 and the relevant penalties, and the appeal introduced by CN APM targets the Court's solution of rejection the request to increase the tariff for using the port infrastructure from 0,05 euro/m2/month to 0,08 euro/m2/month.

By the Closing of 01.03.2023 the High Court of Cassation and Justice admitted the request made by Comvex and referred the Constitutional Court to the resolution of the exception of unconstitutionality of the provisions of art. 483 para. 2 Civil Procedure Code.

At the same time, the High Court of Cassation and Justice suspended the judgment of the appeals declared by Comvex and CN APM until the resolution of the exception of unconstitutionality.

Taking into consideration the technical expert assessment reports performed for the file, favourable to the Company, the decision ordered by Constanta County Court on 23rd of December 2020, the superficiality of the reasoning of the appeal decision, the Management of the Company assesses the admission of CN APM's appeal as having minimum chances and respectively real changes for admission for Comvex's appeal.

(2) Other disputes

On the docket of the Constanta County Court, section II civil, it is registered file no. 27863/3/2019*, having as subject: ascertaining the absolute nullity of the operation of transmission of the right of ownership of a number of 40 shares each, issued by Comvex SA, by Mrs. Drăgoi Anca Mihaela and Mrs. Nicola Ruxandra Ioana and a number of 2,050,000 shares each, shares issued by Comvex SA, subscribed during increase of registered share capital, by Mrs. Drăgoi Anca Mihaela and Mrs. Nicola Ruxandra Ioana.

The file is pending in Court, at the stage of merits. The management of Comvex S.A. has taken all required measures in front of the competent courts until this date, contracting legal assistance and qualified representation for the Company, for the best interest of the Company.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

The Management of the Company assesses that none of the claims introduced in this Report have any significant adverse effect on the economic results and financial position of the Company.

(b) Processing of personal data

With effect from 25 May 2018, Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data and repealing Directive 95 / 46 / EC ("Regulation") applies in all Member States of the European Union, including Romania. Failure to comply with the Regulation and national legislation on the protection of personal data may result in fines of up to 4% of the overall turnover of the Company or EUR 20 million, whichever is greater.

In this context, the Company has taken the necessary steps to ensure compliance and implementation of the provisions of the Regulation, as well as the national legislation on data protection. However, despite the Company's efforts to ensure compliance with the Regulation, we cannot guarantee that the relevant authorities with the power of interpretation and control, in particular the Supervisory Authority for Personal Data Processing ("ANSPDCP"), with general competence in the field of The protection of personal data will embrace the same conclusions, as they ultimately have the power to assess the compliance of a processing activity with data protection regulations, whenever it exercises control powers. Thus, ANSPDCP may issue opinions different from those expressed and / or implemented by the Company, which may lead to the application of sanctions and implicitly to the impact of the Company's operations or its financial position.

(c) Taxation

The Romanian taxation system underwent multiple modifications in the last years and is in a fhase of adaptation to the European Union legislation. As a result, there are still different interpretations of the fiscal legislation. In various circumstances, the tax authorities may have different approaches to certain issues, and assess additional tax liabilities, together with late payment interest and penalties (currently, 0,03% per day of delay). In Romania, tax periods remain open for tax inspection for 5 years. The Company's management considers that the tax liabilities included in these financial statements are fairly stated.

ADMINISTRATOR	DRAWN UP BY,
Name and surname <u>PANAIT VIOREL</u>	Name and surname OPREA IRINA
Signature	Position FINANCIAL MANAGER
	Signature
Unit's stamp	

COMVEX S.A.

Registered office: Dana 80-84, Constanța Port, Romania

Share capital: 29,139,927.5 lei Unique Registration Code: 1909360 Trade Registry Number: J13/622/1991

AFIDAVIT

The undersigned, Viorel Panait, President of the Bord of directors, General Manager and Irina-Violeta Oprea, Financial Manager, hereby undertake full liability for the draw up of the yearly financial statements for the year ended at 31.12.2023 and we hereby confirm that, in accordance with our knowledge:

- a) The yearly financial statements have been drawn up in accordance with the applicable accounting standards and they offer a real and compliant image of the actual status of the assets, debts, financial position and profit and loss account of the Company;
- b) The Bord of Directors report includes an accurate analysis of the development and performance of the Company, as well as an overview of the main risks and uncertainties typical for the relevant activity;
- c) The yearly financial statements offer a accurate picture of the financial position and all the other information related to the performed activity;
- d) Comvex performs its activity in accordance with the continuity principle.

Viorel Panait,

Irina-Violeta Oprea,